

HISTORY TEST

Ch- 2, 3, 4

Full Marks: ~~78+2~~ 88+2
Pass Marks: ~~39~~ 44
Time Duration: 1 hour 30 mins

DO NOT OPEN

- 1) Nawab Shuja-ud-Daulah entered into a defence alliance with the East India Company. TIF (1)
- 2) Why is Siraj-ud-Daulah called the last independent Nawab of Bengal? (2)
- 3) What were dastaks? How did the officials of the East India Company misuse them? (4)
- 4) State the main features of the Dual Government of Bengal. (4)
- 5) Who was the commander-in-chief of the Nawab of Bengal? Why did he betray the Nawab of Bengal? What gains did he acquire from the East India Company to do so? (5)
- 6) The British controlled the _____ policy of the Subsidiary states (1)
- 7) The subsidiary alliance with the British helped Indian rulers provide a better administration in their Kingdom. TIF (1)
- 8) Define the Subsidiary Alliance and list its main conditions. (4)
- 9) List the disadvantages to the Indian rulers who accepted the Subsidiary Alliance with the British. (3)
- 10) Name the British ally on whom Tipu's ~~for~~ attack triggered the Third Anglo Mysore War. List the terms of the treaty which ended the Third Anglo Mysore War. (4)
- 11) Name the Maratha rulers who supported Peshwa Bajji Rao II in the Third Anglo-Maratha war. State the result of this war. (3)
- 12) The British started military build up at _____ across the Sutlej river (1)
- 13) Governor-General Lord Hardings declared war on Punjab. TIF (1)
- 14) What happened in Multan before the Second Anglo-Sikh war? (2)
- 15) Describe the results of the first Anglo-Sikh war. (3)

- 16) What were the reasons behind Awadh's decline as the 'garden, granary and queen province of India?' (4)
- 17) The implementation of Wood's recommendations led to the founding of the Universities of Calcutta, _____ and _____ (2)
- 18) Lord Macaulay wanted to continue teaching Indians in the traditional way through Sanskrit, Persian and regional languages. T/F (1)
- 19) Write a note on the Aho Byotwari Settlement. (3)
- 20) Give examples of 'drain of wealth' from India to England (3)
- 21) Who founded the Brahma Samaj? (1)
- 22) Who was the founder of Muhammadan Anglo-Oriental College in Aligarh? (1)
- 23) Write a note on Swami Vivekananda's life and ~~work~~ work. (3)
- 24) Who was the founder of the Hindu College in Kolkata? (1)
- 25) How did Dr. B.R. Ambedkar tried to uplift the status of Dalits in the society? (2)
- 26) The Judges are appointed by _____ (1)
- 27) The court of the District Judge is the highest _____ court in the district (1)
- 28) (i) Mandamus a) we command (2)
(ii) Habeas corpus b) you may have your body
- 29) Mention the qualification of the Judges of the Supreme Court. (4)
- 30) Explain the Appellate Jurisdiction of the High Courts. (4)
- 31) What is the Advisory Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court? (2)
- 32) There are at present _____ members of in the United Nations (1)
- 33) There are _____ judges in the International Court of Justice (1)
- 34) World health day is celebrated on _____ (1)
- 35) The Secretary General is appointed by the member countries. T/F (1)
- 36) All members of the United Nations are the members of Security Council. T/F (1)

37) Dates:

- (i) UNICEF earned the Nobel Prize for peace.
 (ii) Treaty of Salabai was signed (ix) United Nations Day (10)
 (iii) UN was established (x) Battle of Plassey
 (iv) Awadh was annexed
 (v) World health day
 (vi) Battle of Buxar
 (vii) The Satya Shodhak Samaj was founded
 (viii) Treaty of Lahore was signed